UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): February 3, 2020

IROBOT CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

001-36414

(Commission File Number)

77-0259335

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8 Crosby Drive
Bedford, MA 01730
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (781) 430-3000

Che	ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following
prov	visions (see General Instruction A.2. below):
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

]	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

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Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered				
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	IRBT	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC				

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Emerging growth company \square
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On February 5, 2020, iRobot Corporation (the "Company") announced its financial results for the fiscal quarter and year ended December 28, 2019. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 5.02 Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.

On February 3, 2020, Alison Dean resigned as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company, effective May 4, 2020.

On February 5, 2020, the Company announced that Julie Zeiler, the Company's current Vice President of Finance, is being appointed as the Company's Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, effective May 4, 2020. Since joining the Company in 2017 as Vice President of Finance, Ms. Zeiler, 54, has overseen the Company's financial planning and analysis, and treasury functions. Working with the Company's senior management team, she has played an important role in further scaling the Company's global business by evolving key financial management processes, supporting the integration of two international acquisitions, and adding local capability to optimize performance in key international markets. Prior to the Company, Mr. Zeiler served in a number of senior financial leadership positions over a 20-year tenure at Boston Scientific Corporation, including as Director of Finance, Global Operations from 2014 to 2017, as well as in financial management roles at Digital Equipment Corporation. She holds a B.A. in Economics and English from Albion College.

In connection with her employment with the Company as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, effective May 4, 2020, Ms. Zeiler will receive an annual base salary of \$425,000. Ms. Zeiler will also be eligible for an annual cash bonus with a target of 75% of her then current annual base salary, subject to the achievement of performance goals established and determined by the Compensation and Talent Committee. In connection with her appointment, Ms. Zeiler and the Company will enter into an executive agreement and an indemnification agreement, each consistent with the forms thereof entered into with the other executive officers of the Company and filed as exhibits to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On February 5, 2020, the Company issued a press release relating to its upcoming CFO transition. A copy of this press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 attached hereto, other than the information in Item 5.02, is intended to be furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits:

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>99.1</u>	Press Release issued by the registrant on February 5, 2020, furnished herewith.
<u>99.2</u>	Press Release issued by the registrant on February 5, 2020, furnished herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 5, 2020 iRobot Corporation

By: /s/ Glen D. Weinstein
Name: Glen D. Weinstein

Title: Chief Legal Officer and Secretary

Contacts:

Andrew Kramer Investor Relations iRobot Corp. (781) 430-3003 akramer@irobot.com Charlie Vaida Media Relations iRobot Corp. (781) 430-3182 cvaida@irobot.com

iRobot Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2019 Financial Results

15% U.S. Revenue Growth and Prudent Cost Management Drive Better-than-Expected Operating Income and EPS

BEDFORD, Mass., February 5, 2020 - iRobot Corp. (NASDAQ: IRBT), a leader in consumer robots, today announced its financial results for the fourth quarter and full year ended December 28, 2019.

"We closed 2019 on a positive note by delivering fourth-quarter revenue, operating income and EPS that exceeded our October plans," said Colin Angle, chairman and chief executive officer of iRobot. "Our financial performance this quarter benefited from the combination of strong revenue growth in the United States and disciplined spending. Throughout 2019, we executed well on all major elements of our strategy while navigating increasingly challenging market conditions in the U.S. and intense price competition in EMEA. As a result, we maintained our Roomba leadership, took important steps to further broaden our product portfolio within and beyond RVCs, advanced our efforts to build out our Smart Home ecosystem, and made tangible progress diversifying our supply chain activities."

"Our newest pricing and promotional tactics played an important role in enabling us to defend our category leadership and hold share in the U.S. despite aggressive price competition," Angle continued. "We believe that consumer demand for RVCs remains fundamentally healthy, although we expect challenging U.S. market conditions to persist into 2020. As we move forward, we are focused on executing against our 2020 strategic priorities in ways that will enable us to drive near-term growth, fortify our leadership and set us up to capitalize on a broad range of exciting longer-term opportunities."

Commenting specifically on the company's 2020 financial outlook, Angle added, "2020 is shaping up to be a year of transition for iRobot. We anticipate 2020 revenue growth in the range of 9% to 11%, although our operating profitability and EPS are expected to be constrained primarily by pricing and promotional activity and tariff costs. While we plan to continue carefully managing our spending this year, it is imperative that we continue funding the investments that we believe will enable us to rebound in 2021 and beyond with accelerated revenue growth, meaningful improvements in operating income and robust operating cash flow generation."

Financial Performance Highlights

- Revenue for the fourth quarter of 2019 grew 11% to \$426.8 million over \$384.7 million for the fourth quarter of 2018. Full-vear 2019 revenue was \$1,214.0 million, an increase of 11% over \$1,092.6 million in 2018.
- Q4 revenue growth of 11% reflected 15% growth in the U.S. and 6% international growth. Growth outside of the U.S. was led by 9% growth in EMEA, which was partially offset by a slight decline in Japan, as expected, and other smaller regions. Full-year 2019 international revenue grew

- 15% driven primarily by Japan at 21% and EMEA at 15%. Full-year 2019 revenue growth in the U.S. was 8%.
- Q4 and full-year 2019 revenue growth was primarily driven by adoption of new products introduced since September 2018.
 The Roomba s9 Series, the Braava jet m6 Series and international sales of the Roomba i7 Series, generated 17% of 2019 total revenue. The company achieved its goal of surpassing \$100 million in revenue for 2019 for the Braava family of robot mops.
- Fourth-quarter 2019 operating income was \$16.6 million, compared with \$29.8 million in the fourth quarter of 2018. For 2019, operating income was \$86.6 million versus \$105.8 million for the full year 2018. Section 301 tariff costs significantly lowered fourth-quarter and full-year 2019 operating income by \$21.9 million and \$37.9 million, respectively.
- Quarterly earnings per share were \$0.70 for the fourth quarter of 2019, compared with \$0.88 in the fourth quarter of 2018. Full-year 2019 earnings per share were \$2.97, compared with \$3.07 for full-year 2018. Full-year 2019 earnings per share included a \$0.23 discrete tax benefit related to stock compensation versus a \$0.23 discrete tax benefit related to stock compensation in 2018.
- As of December 28, 2019, the company's cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments were \$256.4 million, up from \$91.1 million as of September 28, 2019, and \$162.0 million as of December 29, 2018.

Q419 and Recent Business Highlights

- In a separate announcement today, the company has appointed Julie Zeiler, vice president of finance, as its next executive vice president and chief financial officer, effective May 4, 2020. She will succeed Alison Dean, the company's CFO since 2013, who will be stepping down to spend more time with her family before pursuing other personal and professional interests.
- Surpassed the 30 million robots sold milestone, which includes over nine million connected robots.
- Delivered <u>innovative</u>, <u>new digital features</u>, such as Keep Out Zones and Smart Charge and Resume, for the Roomba s9 Series and i7 Series and the Braava jet m6 Series that leverage the spatial awareness of these robots to deliver more effective, efficient performance. In addition, ImprintTM Link compatibility was extended to the Roomba 900 Series, which enables these robots to pair with the Braava jet m6 robot and automatically trigger a mopping session to commence immediately after a 900 series Roomba robot completes its vacuuming mission.
- <u>Commenced Roomba production in Malaysia</u> in late November, ahead of schedule.
- Announced a partnership with <u>IFTTT</u> that is aimed at eventually enabling customers to more easily integrate devices and services, like smart thermostats, lighting and home security, directly within the iRobot HOME App.
- Roomba s9+ was a 2020 CES Innovation Award honoree in the robotics category for its suite of groundbreaking technology built into a brand-new design. This award caps a highly productive year of award-winning innovation at iRobot.

Financial Expectations

Consistent with ongoing efforts to provide additional clarity into iRobot's operating performance and potential, iRobot is providing both GAAP and non-GAAP financial expectations for the fiscal year ending January 2, 2021. A detailed reconciliation between the company's GAAP and non-GAAP expectations is included in the attached financial tables.

Fiscal Year 2020:

Metric	GAAP	Adjustments	Non-GAAP				
Revenue	\$1.32 - \$1.35 billion	_	\$1.32 - \$1.35 billion				
Gross Profit	\$507 - \$520 million	~\$3 million	\$510 - \$523 million				
Operating Income	\$15 - \$35 million	~\$40 million	\$55 - \$75 million				
Earnings Per Share	\$0.55 - \$1.15	~\$1.15	\$1.70 - \$2.30				

Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2019 Conference Call

iRobot will host a conference call tomorrow at 8:30 a.m. ET to discuss its financial results for the fourth fiscal quarter 2019, major business developments and its outlook for fiscal year 2020 financial performance. Pertinent conference call details include:

Date: Thursday, February 6

Time: 8:30 a.m. ET
Call-In Number: 213-358-0894
Conference ID: 1873658

A live webcast of the conference call, along with the conference call prepared remarks, will be accessible on the event section of the company's website at https://investor.irobot.com/events/event-details/q4-2019-irobot-corp-earnings-conference-call. An archived version of the broadcast will be available on the same website shortly after the conclusion of the live event. A replay of the telephone conference call will be available through February 13, and can be accessed by dialing 404-537-3406, passcode 1873658.

About iRobot Corp.

iRobot®, the leading global consumer robot company, designs and builds robots that empower people to do more both inside and outside of the home. iRobot created the home robot cleaning category with the introduction of its Roomba® Robot Vacuum in 2002. Today, iRobot is a global enterprise that has sold more than 30 million robots worldwide. iRobot's product line, including the Roomba and the Braava® family of mopping robots, feature proprietary technologies and advanced concepts in cleaning, mapping and navigation. iRobot engineers are building an ecosystem of robots and technologies to enable the smart home. For more information about iRobot, please visit www.irobot.com.

For iRobot Investors

Certain statements made in this press release that are not based on historical information are forward-looking statements which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This press release contains express or implied forward-looking statements relating to, among other things, iRobot Corp.'s expectations regarding: future financial performance; future operating performance; growth and investment strategy; future expenditures; future market conditions; and anticipated revenue, gross profit, operating income, earnings per share and Section 301 tariff costs (and the financial impact thereof) for the fiscal year ending January 2, 2021. These statements are neither promises nor guarantees, but are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in these forward-looking statements. In particular, the risks and uncertainties include, among other things: our ability to operate in an emerging market; the financial strength of our customers and retailers; the impact of tariffs on goods imported into the United States; general economic conditions; market acceptance of and adoption of our products; and competition. Existing and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the

date hereof. iRobot Corp. undertakes no obligation to update or revise the information contained in this press release, whether as a result of new information, future events or circumstances or otherwise. For additional disclosure regarding these and other risks faced by iRobot Corp., see the disclosure contained in our public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

iRobot Corporation Consolidated Statements of Income (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

		For the three months ended		nths ended		For the twelve	e months ended	
	Decer	nber 28, 2019	De	ecember 29, 2018	December 28, 2019		Dece	ember 29, 2018
Revenue	\$	426,778	\$	384,665	\$	1,214,010	\$	1,092,584
Cost of revenue:								
Cost of product revenue		254,970		193,645		658,362		518,612
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		2,438		4,509		11,721		18,544
Total cost of revenue		257,408		198,154		670,083		537,156
Gross profit		169,370		186,511		543,927		555,428
Operating expenses:								
Research and development		37,287		37,451		141,607		140,629
Selling and marketing		94,046		94,142		231,548		210,411
General and administrative		21,232		24,871		83,103		97,501
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		255		260		1,051		1,065
Total operating expenses		152,820		156,724		457,309		449,606
Operating income		16,550		29,787		86,618		105,822
Other income, net		8,502		437		12,215		2,800
Income before income taxes		25,052		30,224		98,833		108,622
Income tax expense		5,011		5,033		13,533		20,630
Net income	\$	20,041	\$	25,191	\$	85,300	\$	87,992
Net income per share:								
Basic	\$	0.71	\$	0.91	\$	3.04	\$	3.18
Diluted	\$	0.70	\$	0.88	\$	2.97	\$	3.07
Number of shares used in per share calculations:								
Basic		28,300		27,714		28,097		27,692
Diluted		28,563		28,579		28,735		28,640
Stock-based compensation included in above figures:								
Cost of revenue	\$	366	\$	372	\$	1,486	\$	1,407
Research and development		2,557		2,101		9,186		7,494
Selling and marketing		857		810		3,323		2,842
General and administrative		1,221		3,552		9,749		14,061
Total	\$	5,001	\$	6,835	\$	23,744	\$	25,804

iRobot Corporation Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited, in thousands)

	Decer	nber 28, 2019	December 29, 2018			
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	239,392	\$	130,373		
Short term investments		17,032		31,605		
Accounts receivable, net		146,161		162,166		
Inventory		157,347		164,633		
Other current assets		34,285		25,660		
Total current assets		594,217		514,437		
Property and equipment, net		75,988		57,026		
Operating lease right-of-use assets		47,478		_		
Deferred tax assets		41,791		36,979		
Goodwill		118,732		118,896		
Intangible assets, net		12,352		24,273		
Other assets		30,195		15,350		
Total assets	\$	920,753	\$	766,961		
Liabilities and stockholders' equity						
Accounts payable	\$	116,185	\$	136,742		
Accrued expenses		81,768		71,259		
Deferred revenue and customer advances		4,549		5,756		
Total current liabilities	·	202,502		213,757		
Operating lease liabilities		54,928		_		
Deferred tax liabilities		912		4,005		
Other long-term liabilities		10,342		13,877		
Total long-term liabilities		66,182		17,882		
Total liabilities		268,684		231,639		
Stockholders' equity		652,069		535,322		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	920,753	\$	766,961		

iRobot Corporation Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited, in thousands)

	For the twelve months ended				
	Dece	mber 28, 2019	December 29, 2018		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$	85,300	\$	87,992	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities, net of the effects of acquisition:					
Depreciation and amortization		37,159		36,574	
Gain on sale of equity investment		(8,439)		_	
Stock-based compensation		23,744		25,804	
Deferred income taxes, net		(11,118)		(10,848)	
Other		7,267		1,837	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities — (use) source					
Accounts receivable		13,064		(23,920)	
Inventory		7,307		(58,546)	
Other current assets		(3,310)		(8,533)	
Accounts payable		(20,536)		22,470	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(386)		(1,145)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		130,052		71,685	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Additions of property and equipment		(35,337)		(32,422)	
Change in other assets		(5,436)		(2,363)	
Proceeds from sale of equity investment		9,787		856	
Cash paid for business acquisition, net of cash acquired		(2,817)		_	
Purchases of investments		_		(6,438)	
Sales and maturities of investments		12,880		14,000	
Net cash used in investing activities		(20,923)		(26,367)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from employee stock plans		7,147		10,366	
Income tax withholding payment associated with restricted stock vesting		(7,277)		(3,532)	
Stock repurchases		(,,=,,,)		(50,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(130)		(43,166)	
The cash does in maneing activities		(150)		(+0,100)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		20		(414)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		109,019		1,738	
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period		130,373	,	128,635	
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$	239,392	\$	130,373	

iRobot Corporation Supplemental Information (unaudited)

		For the three months ended								For the twelve months ended	
	Ma	March 30, 2019 June 29, 2019			Sep	tember 28, 2019	Dec	December 28, 2019		December 28, 2019	
Revenue by Geography *											
Domestic	\$	114,065	\$	124,472	\$	117,929	\$	247,152	\$	603,618	
International		123,596		135,700		171,470		179,626		610,392	
Total	\$	237,661	\$	260,172	\$	289,399	\$	426,778	\$	1,214,010	
Units shipped*											
Vacuum		764		935		975		1,730		4,403	
Mopping		112		139		156		179		586	
Total		876		1,074		1,131		1,909		4,989	
Revenue by Product Category**											
Vacuum***	\$	221	\$	237	\$	257	\$	388	\$	1,103	
Mopping***	Ψ	17	Ψ	23	Ψ	32	Ψ	39	Ψ	111	
Total	\$	238	\$	260	\$	289	\$	427	\$	1,214	
Average gross selling prices for robot units	\$	321	\$	296	\$	305	\$	317	\$	310	
Section 301 tariff costs *	\$	3,518	\$	4,982	\$	7,466	\$	21,896	\$	37,862	
Section 301 tariff impact on gross and		<u>, </u>		·				•			
operating margin		(1.5)%		(1.9)%)	(2.6)%		(5.1)%		(3.1)%	
Days sales outstanding		21		32		53		31			
Ü											
Days in inventory		140		123		149		56			
Headcount		1,072		1,120		1,132		1,128			
		±,07 =		_,o		1,102		1,120			

^{*} in thousands

Certain numbers may not total due to rounding

^{**} in millions

^{***} includes accessory revenue

iRobot Corporation Supplemental Information (unaudited)

		For the three months ended								For the twelve months ended	
	Ma	rch 31, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Sep	tember 29, 2018	Dec	ember 29, 2018	Dec	ember 29, 2018	
Revenue by Geography *											
Domestic	\$	106,862	\$	111,526	\$	127,240	\$	215,368	\$	560,995	
International		110,206		114,791		137,294		169,297		531,589	
Total	\$	217,068	\$	226,317	\$	264,534	\$	384,665	\$	1,092,584	
Units shipped*											
Vacuum		712		819		942		1,520		3,993	
Mopping		103		134		145		162		544	
Total		815		953		1,087		1,682		4,537	
Revenue by Product Category**											
Vacuum***	\$	201	\$	204	\$	242	\$	361	\$	1,008	
Mopping***		16		22		23		24		85	
Total	\$	217	\$	226	\$	265	\$	385	\$	1,093	
Average gross selling prices for robot units	\$	309	\$	285	\$	276	\$	304	\$	294	
Section 301 tariff costs *	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	_	\$	2,155		2,155	
Section 301 tariff impact on gross and operating margin		—%		—%		—%		(0.6)%		(0.2)%	
								,		,	
Days sales outstanding		29		30		38		38			
Days in inventory		101		97		113		76			
Headcount		954		982		1,003		1,032			
						,		, -			

^{*} in thousands

Certain numbers may not total due to rounding

 $[\]boldsymbol{**} \text{ in millions}$

^{***} includes accessory revenue

Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to disclosing financial results in accordance with U.S. GAAP, this earnings release contains references to the non-GAAP financial measures described below. We use non-GAAP measures to internally evaluate and analyze financial results. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with useful supplemental information about the financial performance of our business, enable comparison of financial results between periods where certain items may vary independent of business performance, and enable comparison of our financial results with other public companies, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures.

Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on the following items. We also provide a non-GAAP financial measure of Adjusted EBITDA, as described below. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, and the financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations from these results should be carefully evaluated.

Amortization of acquired intangible assets: Amortization of acquired intangible assets consists of amortization of intangible assets including completed technology, customer relationships, and reacquired distribution rights acquired in connection with business combinations. Amortization charges for our acquisition-related intangible assets are inconsistent in size and are significantly impacted by the timing and valuation of our acquisitions. We exclude these charges from our non-GAAP measures to facilitate an evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to our past operating performance.

Net Merger, Acquisition and Divestiture (Income) Expense: Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense primarily consists of transaction fees, professional fees, and transition and integration costs directly associated with mergers, acquisitions and divestitures. It also includes business combination adjustments including adjustments after the measurement period has ended. The occurrence and amount of these costs will vary depending on the timing and size of these transactions. We exclude these charges from our non-GAAP measures to facilitate an evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to our past operating performance.

Stock-Based Compensation: Stock-based compensation is a non-cash charge relating to stock-based awards. We exclude this expense as it is a non-cash expense, and we assess our internal operations excluding this expense and believe it facilitates comparisons to the performance of other companies.

IP Litigation Expense, *Net:* IP litigation expense, net relates to legal costs incurred to litigate patent, trademark, copyright and false advertising infringements, or to oppose or defend against interparty actions related to intellectual property. Any settlement payment or proceeds resulting from these infringements are included or netted against the costs. We exclude these costs from our non-GAAP measures as we do not believe these costs have a direct correlation to the operations of our business and may vary in size depending on the timing and results of such litigations and settlements.

Gain/Loss on Strategic Investments: Gain/loss on strategic investments includes fair value adjustments, realized gains and losses on the sales of these investments and losses on the impairment of these investments. We exclude these items from our non-GAAP measures because we do not believe they correlate to the performance of our core business and may vary in size based on market conditions and events. We believe that the exclusion of these gains or losses provides investors with a supplemental view of our operational performance.

Income tax adjustments: Income tax adjustments include the tax effect of the non-GAAP adjustments, calculated using the appropriate statutory tax rate for each adjustment. We reassess the need for any valuation allowance recorded based on the non-GAAP profitability and have eliminated the effect of the valuation allowance recorded in the U.S. jurisdiction. We also exclude certain tax items that are not reflective of income tax expense incurred as a result of current period earnings. These certain tax items include, among other non-recurring tax items, impacts from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 and stock-based compensation windfalls/shortfalls. We believe disclosure of the income tax provision before the effect of such tax items is important to permit investors' consistent earnings comparison between periods.

Adjusted EBITDA: We define Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation expense, net merger, acquisition and divestiture expense, gain on business acquisition, net intellectual property litigation expense, and restructuring expense. Management believes this non-GAAP measure is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties as a measure of financial performance.

iRobot Corporation Supplemental Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA (unaudited, in thousands)

		For the three	months	ended	For the twelve months ended				
		ecember 28, 2019	De	cember 29, 2018	D	ecember 28, 2019	December 29, 2018		
GAAP Net Income		20,041	\$	25,191	\$	85,300	\$	87,992	
Interest income, net		(459)		(248)		(2,546)		(944)	
Income tax expense		5,011		5,033		13,533		20,630	
Depreciation		6,722		4,805		24,387		16,965	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		2,693		4,769		12,772		19,609	
EBITDA		34,008		39,550		133,446		144,252	
Stock-based compensation		5,001		6,835		23,744		25,804	
Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		138		115		466		138	
IP litigation expense, net		2,582		39		2,218		3,556	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	41,729	\$	46,539	\$	159,874	\$	173,750	
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of revenue		9.8%		12.1%		13.2%		15.9%	

Supplemental Reconciliation of 2019 GAAP Actuals to 2019 Non-GAAP Actuals (in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

				For the thre	ee mo	onths ended			For t	he twelve months ended
	Ma	rch 30, 2019	J	une 29, 2019	Se	eptember 28, 2019	D	ecember 28, 2019	Dec	cember 28, 2019
GAAP Revenue	\$	237,661	\$	260,172	\$	289,399	\$	426,778	\$	1,214,010
GAAP Gross Profit	\$	119,546	\$	118,170	\$	136,841	\$	169,370	\$	543,927
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		3,077		3,111		3,095		2,438		11,721
Stock-based compensation		378		405		337		366		1,486
Non-GAAP Gross Profit	\$	123,001	\$	121,686	\$	140,273	\$	172,174	\$	557,134
Non-GAAP Gross Margin		51.8 %		46.8 %		48.5 %		40.3 %		45.9 %
GAAP Operating Income	\$	22,263	\$	5,250	\$	42,555	\$	16,550	\$	86,618
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		3,348		3,380		3,351		2,693		12,772
Stock-based compensation		6,864		7,594		4,284		5,001		23,744
Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		152		143		32		138		466
IP litigation expense, net		469		(676)		(157)		2,582		2,218
Non-GAAP Operating Income	\$	33,096	\$	15,691	\$	50,065	\$	26,964	\$	125,818
Non-GAAP Operating Income Margin		13.9 %		6.0 %		17.3 %		6.3 %		10.4 %
GAAP Income Tax (Benefit) Expense	\$	1,023	\$	(424)	\$	7,923	\$	5,011	\$	13,533
Tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		1,824		1,797		(132)		1,159		4,648
Other tax adjustments		4,067		1,461		133		1,267		6,928
Non-GAAP Income Tax Expense	\$	6,914	\$	2,834	\$	7,924	\$	7,437	\$	25,109
GAAP Net Income	\$	22,520	\$	7,207	\$	35,532	\$	20,041	\$	85,300
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		3,348		3,380		3,351		2,693		12,772
Stock-based compensation		6,864		7,594		4,284		5,001		23,744
Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		152		143		32		138		466
IP litigation expense, net		469		(676)		(157)		2,582		2,218
(Gain)/loss on strategic investments		57		(629)		_		(8,332)		(8,904)
Income tax effect		(5,891)		(3,258)		(1)		(2,426)		(11,576)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$	27,519	\$	13,761	\$	43,041	\$	19,697	\$	104,020

Supplemental Reconciliation of 2019 GAAP Actuals to 2019 Non-GAAP Actuals continued (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

					For the th	ree m	onths ended			For	the twelve months ended
		M	arch 30, 2019	J	une 29, 2019	S	eptember 28, 2019	D	ecember 28, 2019	D	ecember 28, 2019
(GAAP Net Income Per Diluted Share	\$	0.78	\$	0.25	\$	1.24	\$	0.70	\$	2.97
	Amortization of acquired intangible assets		0.12		0.12		0.12		0.09		0.44
	Stock-based compensation		0.24		0.26		0.15		0.18		0.83
	Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		_		_		_		_		0.01
	IP litigation expense, net		0.02		(0.02)		(0.01)		0.09		0.08
	(Gain)/loss on strategic investments		_		(0.02)		_		(0.29)		(0.31)
	Income tax effect		(0.20)		(0.11)		_		(0.08)		(0.40)
]	Non-GAAP Net Income Per Diluted Share	\$	0.96	\$	0.48	\$	1.50	\$	0.69	\$	3.62
N	Tumber of shares used in diluted per share calculation		28,763		28,763		28,650		28,563		28,735
S	ection 301 Tariff Costs										
	Section 301 tariff costs	\$	3,518	\$	4,982	\$	7,466	\$	21,896	\$	37,862
	Impact of Section 301 tariff costs to gross and operating margin (GAAP & non-GAAP)		(1.5)%		(1.9)%		(2.6)%		(5.1)%		(3.1)%
	Impact of Section 301 tariff costs to net income per diluted share (GAAP & non-GAAP)	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.26)	\$	(0.77)	\$	(1.32)

Certain numbers may not total due to rounding

Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense and IP litigation, net are classified in General and Administrative

Supplemental Reconciliation of 2018 GAAP Actuals to 2018 Non-GAAP Actuals

(in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

				For the thr	ee mon	ths ended			For th	ne twelve months ended
	Ma	rch 31, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Sept	ember 29, 2018	December 29, 2018		December 29, 2018	
GAAP Revenue	\$	217,068	\$	226,317	\$	264,534	\$	384,665	\$	1,092,584
GAAP Gross Profit	\$	115,785	\$	117,926	\$	135,206	\$	186,511	\$	555,428
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		4,782		4,679		4,574		4,509		18,544
Stock-based compensation		341		347		347		372		1,407
Non-GAAP Gross Profit	\$	120,908	\$	122,952	\$	140,127	\$	191,392	\$	575,379
Non-GAAP Gross Margin		55.7%		54.3%		53.0%		49.8 %		52.7 %
GAAP Operating Income	\$	25,405	\$	13,355	\$	37,275	\$	29,787	\$	105,822
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		5,055		4,948		4,837		4,769		19,609
Stock-based compensation		5,946		6,431		6,592		6,835		25,804
Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		(141)		164		_		115		138
IP litigation expense, net		2,571		759		187		39		3,556
Non-GAAP Operating Income	\$	38,836	\$	25,657	\$	48,891	\$	41,545	\$	154,929
Non-GAAP Operating Income Margin		17.9%		11.3%		18.5%		10.8 %		14.2 %
GAAP Income Tax (Benefit) Expense	\$	5,523	\$	4,391	\$	5,683	\$	5,033	\$	20,630
Tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		3,340		2,830		2,835		2,849		11,854
Other tax adjustments		712		(2,440)		2,667		1,170		2,109
Non-GAAP Income Tax Expense	\$	9,575	\$	4,781	\$	11,185	\$	9,052	\$	34,593
GAAP Net Income	\$	20,401	\$	10,471	\$	31,929	\$	25,191	\$	87,992
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		5,055		4,948		4,837		4,769		19,609
Stock-based compensation		5,946		6,431		6,592		6,835		25,804
Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		(141)		164		_		115		138
IP litigation expense, net		2,571		759		187		39		3,556
(Gain)/loss on strategic investments		281		(682)		26		(61)		(436)
Income tax effect		(4,052)		(390)		(5,502)		(4,019)		(13,963)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$	30,061	\$	21,701	\$	38,069	\$	32,869	\$	122,700

Supplemental Reconciliation of 2018 GAAP Actuals to 2018 Non-GAAP Actuals continued (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

				For the th	ree m	onths ended			Fo	the twelve months ended
	Ma	rch 31, 2018	J	une 30, 2018	Se	eptember 29, 2018	D	December 29, 2018	D	ecember 29, 2018
GAAP Net Income Per Diluted Share	\$	0.71	\$	0.37	\$	1.12	\$	0.88	\$	3.07
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		0.17		0.17		0.17		0.17		0.69
Stock-based compensation		0.20		0.23		0.23		0.24		0.90
Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense		_		_		_		_		_
IP litigation expense, net		0.09		0.03		0.01		_		0.13
(Gain)/loss on strategic investments		0.01		(0.02)		_		_		(0.02)
Income tax effect		(0.14)		(0.01)		(0.19)		(0.14)		(0.49)
Non-GAAP Net Income Per Diluted Share	\$	1.04	\$	0.77	\$	1.34	\$	1.15	\$	4.28
Number of shares used in diluted per share calculation		28,923		28,337		28,506		28,579		28,640
Section 301 Tariff Costs										
Section 301 tariff costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,155	\$	2,155
Impact of Section 301 tariff costs to gross and operating margin (GAAP & non-GAAP)		—%		—%		%		(0.6)%		(0.2)%
Impact of Section 301 tariff costs to net income per diluted share (GAAP & non-GAAP)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.08)

Certain numbers may not total due to rounding

Net merger, acquisition and divestiture (income) expense and IP litigation, net are classified in General and Administrative

iRobot Corporation Supplemental Reconciliation of Fiscal Year 2020 GAAP to Non-GAAP Guidance (unaudited)

	FY-20
GAAP Gross Profit	\$507 - \$520 million
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	~\$2 million
Stock-based compensation	~\$1 million
Total adjustments	~\$3 million
Non-GAAP Gross Profit	\$510 - \$523 million
	FY-20
GAAP Operating Income	\$15 - \$35 million
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	~\$2 million
Stock-based compensation	~\$31 million
IP litigation expense, net	~\$7 million
Total adjustments	~\$40 million
Non-GAAP Operating Income	\$55 - \$75 million
Section 301 tariff costs	~\$47 - ~\$50 million
Impact of Section 301 tariff costs to gross and operating income margin	(~4%)
	FY-20
GAAP Net Income Per Diluted Share	\$0.55 - \$1.15
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	~\$0.07
Stock-based compensation	~\$1.08
IP litigation expense, net	~\$0.24
Income tax effect	~(\$0.24)
Total adjustments	~\$1.15
Non-GAAP Net Income Per Diluted Share	\$1.70 - \$2.30
Number of shares used in diluted per share calculations	~28.8 million

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iRobot Announces CFO Transition

Julie Zeiler, VP of Finance, to Succeed Alison Dean this Spring

BEDFORD, Mass., February 5, 2020 - iRobot Corp. (NASDAQ: IRBT), a leader in consumer robots, today announced that the company is appointing current vice president of finance Julie Zeiler as its next executive vice president and chief financial officer, effective May 4, 2020. She will succeed Alison Dean, the company's CFO since 2013, who will be stepping down to spend more time with her family before pursuing other personal and professional interests. Alison will remain with iRobot as an advisor for an undetermined amount of time to ensure a smooth transition of responsibilities to Julie.

Julie Zeiler brings with her more than 30 years of senior financial leadership experience. Since joining iRobot in 2017 as vice president of finance, Julie has overseen the company's financial planning and analysis, and treasury functions. Working with the company's senior management team, she has played an important role in scaling the company's global business by evolving key financial management processes, supporting the integration of two international acquisitions and adding local capability to optimize performance in key international markets. Prior to iRobot, Julie served in a number of senior financial leadership positions over a 20-year-tenure at Boston Scientific Corporation as well as financial management roles at Digital Equipment Corporation.

"First, on behalf of the board and everyone at iRobot, I want to thank Alison for her many contributions to the company since joining 15 years ago, including the past seven as CFO," said Colin Angle, chairman and chief executive officer of iRobot. "Her dedication and business acumen have been driving forces behind iRobot's financial growth, global expansion and transformation into a consumer-focused organization. Throughout her tenure, she has been an incredible leader, guiding her team and the company through significant evolution, growth and change, and we appreciate her commitment to ensuring a smooth, orderly transition of responsibilities. We wish her the very best as she explores new opportunities, both personally and professionally.

"I am also pleased that Julie will succeed Alison as the company's next CFO," continued Angle. "During the past three years, she has demonstrated an ability to work collaboratively across the organization to help drive scale, deliver profitable growth and manage through a wide range of challenges. We look forward to having Julie step into the CFO role to help propel our business forward and ensure that we capitalize on the many exciting opportunities we see to drive long-term value creation."

About iRobot Corporation

iRobot, the leading global consumer robot company, designs and builds robots that empower people to do more both inside and outside of the home. iRobot created the home robot cleaning category with the introduction of its Roomba® Robot Vacuum in 2002. Today, iRobot is a global enterprise that has sold more than 30 million robots worldwide. iRobot's product line, including the Roomba and the Braava® family of mopping robots, feature proprietary technologies and advanced concepts in cleaning, mapping and navigation. iRobot engineers are building an ecosystem of robots and technologies to enable the smart home. For more information about iRobot, please visit www.irobot.com.

For iRobot Investors

Certain statements made in this press release that are not based on historical information are forward-looking statements which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This press release contains express or implied forward-looking statements relating to iRobot Corporation's expectations concerning financial leadership transition. These statements are neither promises nor guarantees, but are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in these forward-looking statements. Existing and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. iRobot undertakes no obligation to update or revise the information contained in this press release, whether as a result of new information, future events or circumstances or otherwise. For additional disclosure regarding these and other risks faced by iRobot, see the disclosure contained in our public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission including, without limitation, our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.